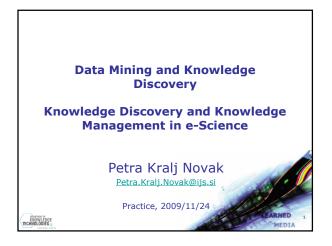
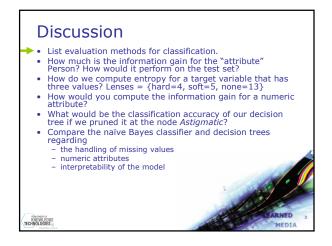
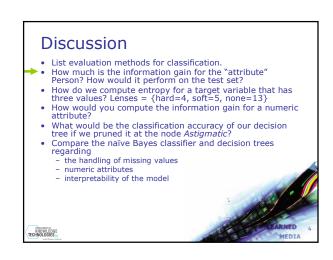
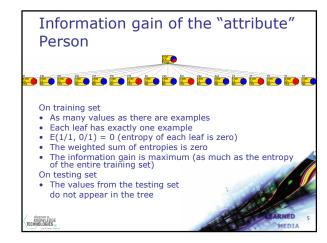
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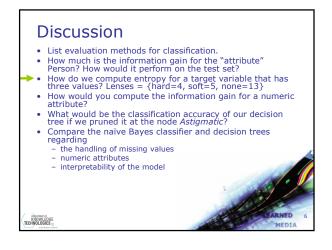




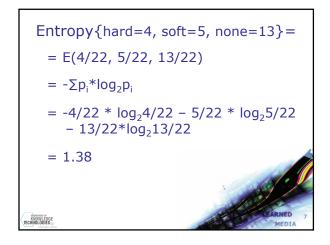
List of evaluation methods Separate train and test set K-fold cross validation Leave one out used with very small datasets (few 10 examples) For each example e: use e as test example and the rest for training Count the correctly classified examples Optimistic estimate: test on training set Random sampling

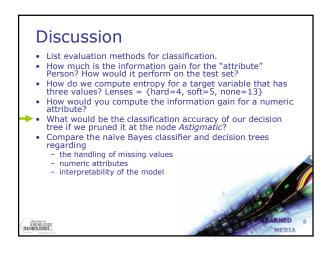


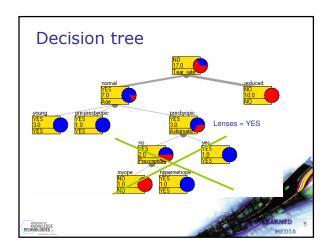


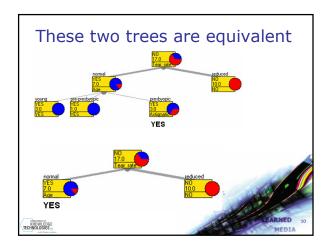


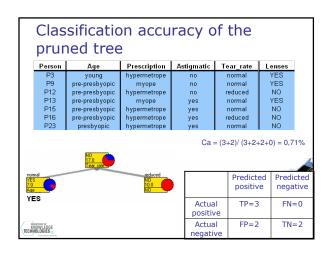
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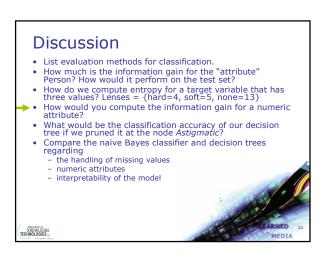




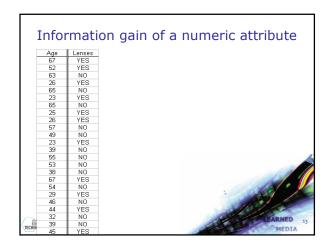


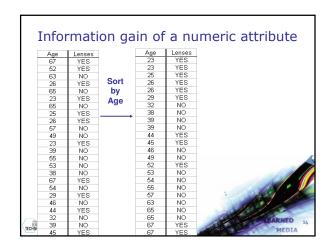


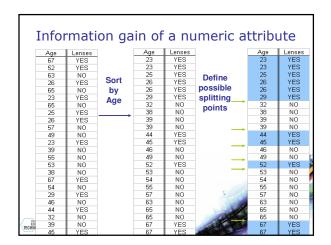


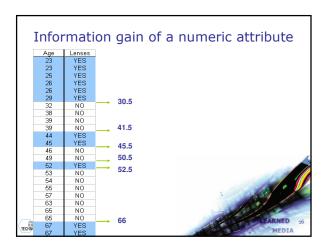


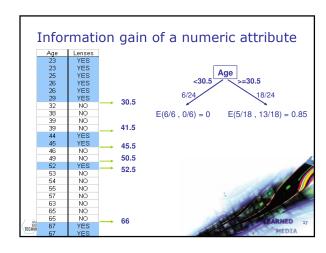
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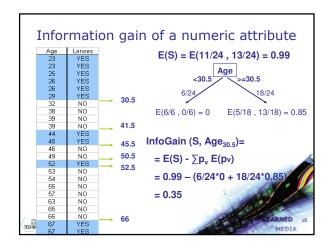




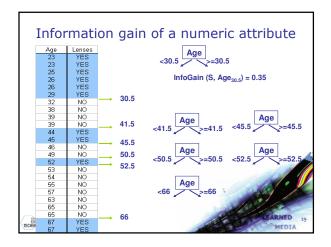


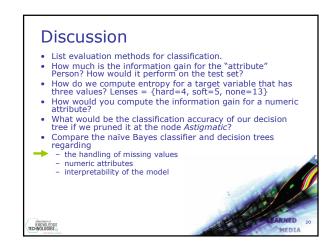


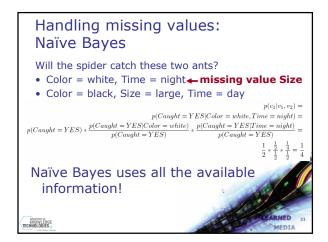


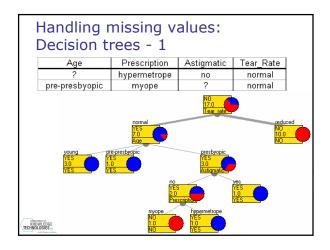


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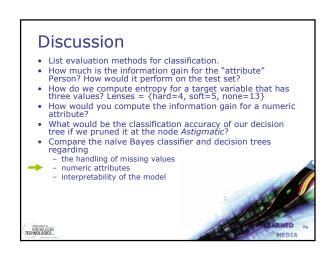












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Continuous attributes: decision trees & naïve bayes

- Decision trees ID3 algorithm: does not handle continuous attributes → data need to be discretized
- Decision trees C4.5 (J48 in Weka) algorithm: deals with continuous attributes as shown earlier
- Naïve Bayes: does not handle continuous attributes → data need to be discretized

(some implementations do handle KNOWLEDGE CHNOLOGIES

Discussion List evaluation methods for classification. How much is the information gain for the "attribute" Person? How would it perform on the test set? How would you compute the information gain for a numeric attribute? What would be the classification accuracy of our decision tree if we pruned it at the node *Astigmatic*? Compare the naïve Bayes classifier and decision trees regarding - the handling of missing values numeric attributesinterpretability of the model KNOWLEDGE CHNOLOGIES

Interpretability of decision tree and naïve bayes models

- Decision trees are easy to understand and interpret (if they are of a reasonably small size)
- Naïve bayes models are of the "black box type". Naïve bayes models have been visualized by nomograms.

KNOWLEDGE ECHNOLOGIES

